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DEVELOPMENT, REORGANIZATION OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA'S TRANSFORTATION SYSTEM

POSTMAR FROGRESS NOTED -- Berlin, Der Verkehr, Vol V, No 11, Nov 51

Despite heavy losses suffered during the German occupation Czechoslovak trains and busses have already surpassed the prewar performance level and in 1946, bus transportation exceeded its plan by 148 percent.

In 1937 the railroads of Czechoslovakia had 3,290 locomotives; of this number only 2,626 remained after the war and of almost 500,000 freight cars only half remained. All airplanes and almost all vessels of the inland water transport system were destroyed.

Trensport investments during the Five-Year Plan (1949 - 1953) will amount to more than 45 billion Czechoslovak crowns. Rail freight transportation is to be increased by 1953 by 39 percent. Modernization of the railroad system includes reconstruction of railroad stations, electrification of main lines, and production of new passenger cars. At the beginning of the Five-Year Plan, Czechoslovck bus lines extended over 34,000 kilometers, and have been continually increasing. The current performance level of bus transportation is 200 times that of the prevar level. Trolley bus lines are being introduced in cities and the Five-Year Plan further provides for the reconstruction of 1,500 bridges. The 1953 transport plan provides for the transportation of 127 million tons of goods, or 32 percent more than in the previous year.

A milestone in the development of the Czechoslovak transportation system was the opening of the direct express-train connection with Moscow Aate not given. The cars of the through train are transferred at the Czechoslovak-Soviet border to broad-gauge chausis /sic. trucks?7, thus eliminating changing of trains by passengers.

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TRANSPORTATION MINISTRY REORGANIZED -- Zurich, Neue Zuercher Zeitung, 12, 14 Aug 52

As a result of the unsatisfactory performance, the Ministry of Transportation of the GDR has recently undergone some radical changes. Antonin Pospisil, the Minister of Transportation, a non-Communist, was relieved of the responsibility of administering the railroads and a special Ministry of Railroads was set up. The new Minister of Railroads is Josef Pospisil, a loyal party member. Subordinate to the Ministry of Railroads and all railroad lines and cable railways with the exception of city transportation systems. The National Enterprise of Czechoslovak State Railroads (CSD) has been dissolved and its property transferred to the Ministry of Railroads as of 1 August 1952. This ministry does not have a special commissariat for Slovakia, as other ministries previously organized, and thus this reorganization brings with it a curtailment of the Slovakian autonomy in favor of a more centralized Communist control from Prague.

The road, sir, and water transportation systems remain subordinate to the Ministry of Transportation. Regional state enterprises are being organized for motor transport and for repair of motor vehicles. Regional state enterprises for highways are also being organized. For the direction, planning, and supervision of enterprises which conduct water transportation, a Main Administration for Czechoslovak Water Transport is being organized at the Ministry of Transportation. The ministry will also handle all matters pertaining to foreign transportation, and a special unit will be established to handle civil aviation.

The aim of this reorganization is to relieve the politically unreliable Minister of Transportation of most of his responsibilities, however, for political expediency he retains his official position.

The administration of the railroads is no longer handled by the Directorate General but by a department within the new Ministry of Railroads. The national rail network, divided into six rail lines, but in recent years been considerably overloaded. The rapid development of the Czechoslovak railroads was hampered by the somewhat slower development of its organization as well as by a reluctance to accept certain innovations within the enterprise.

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